



7212

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BEAM POWER TUBE

90 Watts CW Input (ICAS) up to 60 Mc
 60 Watts CW Input (ICAS) at 175 Mc
 For use under severe shock and vibration

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 6.3 $\pm$ 10% ac or dc volts

Current at 6.3 volts. 1.25 amp

Transconductance, for plate volts

= 200, grid-No.2 volts = 200,

and plate ma. = 100 7000 μ mhos

Mu-Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1

for plate volts = 200, grid-No.2

volts = 200, and plate ma. = 100. 4.5

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:*

Grid No.1 to plate. 0.24 max. μ f

Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3

& internal shield, grid No.2,

base sleeve, and heater 13.5 μ f

Plate to cathode & grid No.3 &

internal shield, grid No.2,

base sleeve, and heater 8.5 μ f

Mechanical:

Operating Position. Any

Maximum Overall Length. 3-13/16"

Seated Length 3-1/8" $\pm$ 1/8"

Maximum Diameter. 1-21/32"

Weight (Approx.) 2 oz

Bulb. T12

Cap Small (JETEC No.C1-1)

Socket. Standard Octal 8-Contact

Base. Small Micanol-Wafer Octal 8-Pin with "770" Sleeve

(JETEC Group 1, No.B8-150)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 8EC

Pin 1 - Cathode,

Grid No.3, A

Internal

Shield

Pin 2 - Heater

Pin 3 - Grid No.2

Pin 4 - Same as

Pin 1

Pin 5 - Grid No.1

Pin 6 - Same as

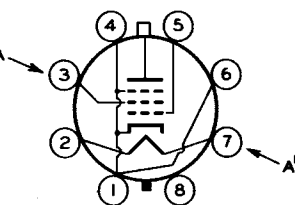
Pin 1

Pin 7 - Heater

Pin 8 - Base

Sleeve

Cap - Plate



AA' = PLANE OF ELECTRODES

*: See next page.



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AF POWER AMPLIFIER & MODULATOR — Class AB₁[†]

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

	CCS [•]	ICAS ^{••}	
DC PLATE VOLTAGE	600 max.	750 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE.	250 max.	250 max.	volts
MAX.-SIGNAL DC PLATE CURRENT**.	125 max.	135 max.	ma
MAX.-SIGNAL PLATE INPUT**. . .	60 max.	85 max.	watts
MAX.-SIGNAL GRID-No.2 INPUT**.	3 max.	3 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION**.	20 max.	25 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	135 max.	135 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	135 max.	135 max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface) . . .	220 max.	220 max.	°C

Typical CCS Push-Pull Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

DC Plate Voltage	400	500	600	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage [▲]	190	185	180	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:				
With fixed-bias source . . .	-40	-40	-45	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to- Grid-No.1 Voltage.	80	80	90	volts
Zero-Signal DC Plate Current .	63	57	26	ma
Max.-Signal DC Plate Current .	228	215	200	ma
Zero-Signal DC Grid-No.2 Current.	2.5	2	1	ma
Max.-Signal DC Grid-No.2 Current.	25	25	23	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	4000	5500	7000	ohms
Max.-Signal Driving Power (Approx.).	0	0	0	watts
Max.-Signal Power Output (Approx.).	55	70	82	watts

Typical ICAS Push-Pull Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

DC Plate Voltage	600	750	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage [▲]	200	195	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
From fixed-bias source . . .	-50	-50	volts

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Peak AF Grid-No.1-to- Grid-No.1 Voltage.	100	100	volts
Zero-Signal DC Plate Current . . .	28	23	ma
Max.-Signal DC Plate Current . . .	229	220	ma
Zero-Signal DC Grid-No.2 Current .	1	1	ma
Max.-Signal DC Grid-No.2 Current .	27	26	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	6000	8000	ohms
Max.-Signal Driving Power (Approx.)	0	0	watts
Max.-Signal Power Output (Approx.)	95	120	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (CCS or ICAS):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance under any condition: ^{oo*}	
For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max. megohm
For cathode-bias operation	Not recommended

AF POWER AMPLIFIER & MODULATOR — Class AB₁[†]Triode Connection[§]CCS[•]ICAS^{••}

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	400 max.	400 max.	volts
MAX.-SIGNAL DC PLATE CURRENT**	90 max.	90 max.	ma
MAX.-SIGNAL PLATE INPUT** . . .	35 max.	35 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION**	20 max.	25 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	135 max.	135 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	135 max.	135 max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface)	220 max.	220 max.	°C

Typical Push-Pull Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

DC Plate Voltage	250	400	400	volts
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	-50	-100	-100	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to- Grid-No.1 Voltage ^o	100	200	200	volts
Zero-Signal DC Plate Current	120	40	40	ma
Max.-Signal DC Plate Current	125	100	100	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	5000	8000	8000	ohms

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	CCS [•]		ICAS ^{••}	
Max.—Signal Driving Power (Approx.)	0	0	0	watts
Max.—Signal Power Output (Approx.)	10	22	22	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (CCS or ICAS):

Grid-No.1—Circuit Resistance under any condition: ^{oo#}			
For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.		megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.		megohm

AF POWER AMPLIFIER & MODULATOR — Class AB₂[#]**Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:**

	CCS [•]	ICAS ^{••}	
DC PLATE VOLTAGE	600 max.	750 max.	volts
DC GRID—No.2 (SCREEN—GRID) VOLTAGE.	250 max.	250 max.	volts
MAX.—SIGNAL DC PLATE CURRENT ^{**}	125 max.	135 max.	ma
MAX.—SIGNAL PLATE INPUT ^{**}	62.5 max.	90 max.	watts
MAX.—SIGNAL GRID—No.2 INPUT ^{**}	3 max.	3 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION ^{**}	20 max.	25 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER—CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	135 max.	135 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	135 max.	135 max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	220 max.	220 max.	°C

Typical CCS Push-Pull Operation:*Values are for 2 tubes*

DC Plate Voltage	400	500	600	volts
DC Grid—No.2 Voltage [▲]	175	175	165	volts
DC Grid—No.1 (Control—Grid) Voltage:				
From fixed-bias source	-41	-44	-44	volts
Peak AF Grid—No.1—to—Grid—No.1 Voltage.	95	102	97	volts
Zero—Signal DC Plate Current.	33	27	22	ma
Max.—Signal DC Plate Current.	232	242	207	ma
Zero—Signal DC Grid—No.2 Current.	1.1	0.7	0.6	ma

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Max.-Signal DC Grid-No.2 Current.	18	18	17	ma
Max.-Signal DC Grid-No.1 Current.	1.6	1.9	1.1	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	3700	4600	6800	ohms
Max.-Signal Driving Power (Approx.)♦	0.2	0.3	0.2	watt
Max.-Signal Power Output (Approx.)	62	83	90	watts

Typical ICAS Push-Pull Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

DC Plate Voltage	600	750	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage▲. . . .	190	165	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
From fixed-bias source . . .	-48	-46	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to- Grid-No.1 Voltage.	109	108	volts
Zero-Signal DC Plate Current .	28	22	ma
Max.-Signal DC Plate Current .	270	240	ma
Zero-Signal DC Grid-No.2 Current.	1.2	0.3	ma
Max.-Signal DC Grid-No.2 Current.	20	20	ma
Max.-Signal DC Grid-No.1 Current.	2	2.6	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	5000	7400	ohms
Max.-Signal Driving Power (Approx.)♦	0.3	0.4	watt
Max.-Signal Power Output (Approx.)	113	131	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (CCS or ICAS):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:♦			
For fixed-bias operation	30000 max.		ohms
For cathode-bias operation	Not recommended		

PLATE-MODULATED RF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class C Telephony

*Carrier conditions per tube for use with
a maximum modulation factor of 1*

CCS●

ICAS●●

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	480 max.	600 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE.	250 max.	250 max.	volts

*, †, ●, ●●, **, ▲, ∞, ♣, §, ○, ‡, #, ♦: See next page.

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	CCS*	ICAS**
DC GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE.	-150 max.	-150 max. volts
DC PLATE CURRENT	117 max.	125 max. ma
DC GRID-No.1 CURRENT	3.5 max.	4 max. ma
PLATE INPUT.	45 max.	67.5 max. watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT.	2 max.	2 max. watts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	13.3 max.	16.7 max. watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode . .	135 max.	135 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode . .	135 max.	135 max. volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	220 max.	220 max. °C

Typical Operation:

At frequencies up to 60 Mc

DC Plate Voltage	400	475	600	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage†. . .	150	135	150	volts
From a series resistor of.	33000	51000	56000	ohms
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage★. . .	-87	-77	-87	volts
From a grid-No.1 resistor of.	27000	27000	27000	ohms
Peak RF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	107	95	107	volts
DC Plate Current	112	94	112	ma
DC Grid-No.2 Current	7.8	6.4	7.8	ma
DC Grid-No.1 Current (Approx.).	3.4	2.8	3.4	ma
Driving Power (Approx.). . .	0.4	0.3	0.4	watt
Power Output (Approx.). . .	32	34	52	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (CCS or ICAS):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance‡.	30000 max.	ohms
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RF POWER AMPLIFIER & OSCILLATOR — Class C Telegraphy[■]
and

RF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class C FM Telephony

CCS*

ICAS**

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	600 max.	750 max. volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE.	250 max.	250 max. volts

* , † , • , ** , ▲ , ∞ , ‡ , § , ○ , # , ◆ , ● , ★ , † , ■ : See next page.



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	CCS*	ICAS**	
DC GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE	-150 max.	-150 max.	volts
DC PLATE CURRENT	140 max.	150 max.	ma
DC GRID-No.1 CURRENT	3.5 max.	4 max.	ma
PLATE INPUT.	67.5 max.	90 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT.	3 max.	3 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	20 max.	25 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	135 max.	135 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	135 max.	135 max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	220 max.	220 max.	°C

Typical Operation:

As amplifier at frequencies up to 60 Mc

DC Plate Voltage	500	600	600	750	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage**	170	150	180	160	volts
From a series resistor of.	36000	51000	43000	56000	ohms
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage*	-66	-58	-71	-62	volts
From a grid-No.1 resistor of.	27000	20000	24000	20000	ohms
From a cathode resistor of.	470	470	430	470	ohms
Peak RF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	84	73	91	79	volts
DC Plate Current	135	112	150	120	ma
DC Grid-No.2 Current	9	9	10	11	ma
DC Grid-No.1 Current (Approx.).	2.5	2.8	2.8	3.1	ma
Driving Power (Approx.).	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	watt
Power Output (Approx.).	48	52	66	70	watts

Typical Operation:

As amplifier at frequency of 175 Mc

DC Plate Voltage	320	400	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage**	180	190	volts
For a series resistor of.	13000	20000	ohms
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage*	-51	-54	volts
From a grid-No.1 resistor of.	27000	24000	ohms
From a cathode resistor of.	330	330	ohms

* , † , • , •• , ** , ▲ , ∞ , † , § , ○ , † , # , ◆ , ★ , † , ■ , ⊞ , † : See next page.



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	CCS*	ICAS**	
Peak RF Grid-No.1			
Voltage.	64	68	volts
DC Plate Current	140	150	ma
DC Grid-No.2 Current	10	10.4	ma
DC Grid-No.1 Current			
(Approx.).	2	2.2	ma
Driving Power (Approx.).	3	3	watts
Power Output (Approx.).	25	35	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (CCS or ICAS):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance†. 30000 max. ohms

* Without external shield.

† Subscript 1 indicates that grid-No.1 current does not flow during any part of the input cycle.

• Continuous Commercial Service.

•• Intermittent Commercial and Amateur Service.

** Averaged over any audio-frequency cycle of sine-wave form.

▲ Preferably obtained from a separate source or from the plate-voltage supply with a voltage divider.

∞ The type of input coupling network used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid-No.1 circuit. Transformer- or impedance-coupling devices are recommended.

• When the 7212 is operated as a beam power tube in class AB₁ service, only fixed bias should be used, and the dc grid-No.1-circuit resistance should never exceed the specified value of 0.1 megohm.

§ With grid No.2 connected to plate.

○ The driver stage should be capable of supplying the No.1 grids of the class AB₁ stage with the specified driving voltage at low distortion.

• When the 7212 is connected as a triode and its grid No.1 is operated with fixed bias, the dc grid-No.1-circuit resistance should never exceed the specified value of 0.1 megohm. If higher values of grid-No.1-circuit resistance are desired, cathode bias must be employed. Under no circumstances should the dc grid-No.1-circuit resistance exceed the specified value of 0.5 megohm.

Subscript 2 indicates that grid-No.1 current flows during some part of the input cycle.

◆ Driver stage should be capable of supplying the specified driving power at low distortion to the No.1 grids of the AB₂ stage. To minimize distortion, the effective resistance per grid-No.1 circuit of the AB₂ stage should be held at a low value. For this purpose, the use of transformer coupling is recommended. In no case, however, should the total dc grid-No.1-circuit resistance exceed 30,000 ohms when the 7212 is operated at maximum ratings. For operation at less than maximum ratings, the dc grid-No.1-circuit resistance may be as high as 100,000 ohms.

• Obtained preferably from a separate source modulated along with the plate supply or from the modulated plate supply through a series resistor.

★ Obtained from grid-No.1 resistor or from a combination of grid-No.1 resistor with either fixed supply or cathode resistor.

† When grid No.1 is driven positive and the 7212 is operated at maximum ratings, the total dc grid-No.1-circuit resistance should not exceed the specified value of 30,000 ohms. If this value is insufficient to provide adequate bias, the additional required bias must be supplied by a cathode resistor or fixed supply. For operation at less than maximum ratings, the dc grid-No.1-circuit resistance may be as high as 100,000 ohms.

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- Key-down conditions per tube without amplitude modulation. Amplitude modulation essentially negative may be used if the positive peak of the audio-frequency envelope does not exceed 115% of the carrier conditions.
- ⊗ Obtained preferably from a separate source, or from the plate-supply voltage with a voltage divider, or through a series resistor. A series grid-No.2 resistor should be used only when the 7212 is used in a circuit which is not keyed. Grid-No.2 voltage must not exceed 400 volts under key-up conditions.
- Obtained from fixed supply, by grid-No.1 resistor, by cathode resistor, or by combination methods.

CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES FOR EQUIPMENT DESIGN

	Note	Min.	Max.	
Heater Current.	1	1.175	1.325	amp
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:				
Grid No.1 to plate.	2	—	0.24	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, base sleeve, and heater . .	2	12	15	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, base sleeve, and heater.	2	7.3	9.5	μf
Plate Current	3	46	94	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3	—	5.5	ma
Heater-Cathode Leakage Current:				
Heater 100 volts negative with respect to cathode . .	1	—	100	μa
Heater 100 volts positive with respect to cathode . .	1	—	100	μa
Useful Power Output	4	47	—	watts

Note 1: With 6.3 volts ac on heater.

Note 2: Without external shield.

Note 3: With 6.3 volts ac on heater, dc plate volts = 300, dc grid-No.2 volts = 200, and dc grid-No.1 volts = -33.

Note 4: In a single-tube, self-excited oscillator circuit, and with 6.3 volts ac on heater, dc plate volts = 600, dc grid-No.2 volts = 180, grid-No.1 resistor (ohms) = $30,000 \pm 10\%$, dc plate ma. = 100 to 112, dc grid-No.2 ma. = 23 maximum, dc grid-No.1 ma. = 2 to 2.5, and frequency (Mc) = 15.

SPECIAL RATINGS & PERFORMANCE DATA

Shock Rating:

This test is performed (per MIL-E-1C*, paragraph 4.9.20.5) on a sample lot of tubes from each production run. Tubes are held rigid and are subjected in four different positions to an impact acceleration of 500 g. At the end of this test,

* 3 October 1955, Military Specification, Electron Tubes and Crystal Rectifiers.



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tubes will not show permanent or temporary shorts or open circuits, and are required to meet the following limits:

Useful RF Power Output. 42 min. watts

For conditions shown under *Characteristics Range Values*,
Note 4.

Heater-Cathode

Leakage Current *See Characteristics Range Values*

The tubes must also meet the established limit for low-frequency vibration (*See below*).

Fatigue Rating:

This test is performed (per MIL-E-1C, paragraph 4.9.20.6) on a sample lot of tubes from each production run. Tubes are rigidly mounted and subjected to 2.5-g vibrational acceleration at 25 cycles per second for 32 hours in each of three positions. At the end of this test, tubes will not show permanent or temporary shorts or open circuits, and are required to meet the following limits:

Useful RF Power Output. 42 min. watts

For conditions shown under *Characteristics Range Values*,
Note 4.

Heater-Cathode

Leakage Current *See Characteristics Range Values*

The tubes must also meet the established limit for low-frequency vibration (*See below*).

Low-Frequency Vibration Performance:

This test is performed (per MIL-E-1C, paragraph 4.9.19.1) on a sample lot of tubes from each production run under the following conditions: Heater volts = 6.3, plate-supply volts = 250, grid-No.2 volts = 200, grid-No.1 voltage varied to give a plate current of 10 milliamperes, plate load resistor (ohms) = 2000, and vibrating frequency of 25 cycles per second with a fixed amplitude of 0.040 inch (total excursion 0.080 inch). The rms output voltage across the plate load resistor as a result of vibration of the tube must not exceed 500 millivolts.

Variable-Frequency Vibration Performance (1):

This test is performed (per MIL-E-1C, paragraph 4.9.20.3) on a sample lot of tubes from each production run. Tubes are vibrated in each of 3 positions through frequency range of from 10 to 50 cycles per second and back to 10 cycles per second. The tubes are vibrated under the same conditions as specified for *Low-Frequency Vibration Performance*. During the test, the tubes will not show an rms output voltage across the plate load resistor in excess of 500 millivolts. At the end of this test, the tubes will not show tap or permanent interelectrode shorts or defects that cause the tubes to be inoperable. The tubes will exhibit no pronounced mechanical resonance during this test.



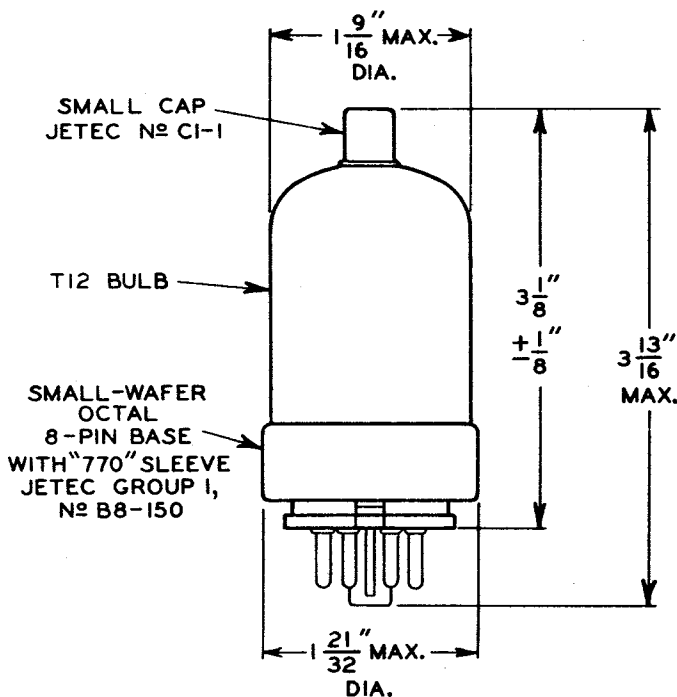
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Variable-Frequency Vibration Performance (2):

This test is performed on a sample lot of tubes from each production run. Tubes are vibrated in each of 3 positions, perpendicular and parallel to major axis of the tube, and parallel to longitudinal axis of the tube, through the frequency range from 50 to 120 cycles per second at a fixed acceleration of 10 g under the same voltage, current and load conditions as specified for *Low-Frequency Vibration Performance*. During this test, the tubes will not show an rms output voltage across the plate load resistor in excess of 500 millivolts. The tubes will exhibit no pronounced mechanical resonance below 120 cycles per second during this test.



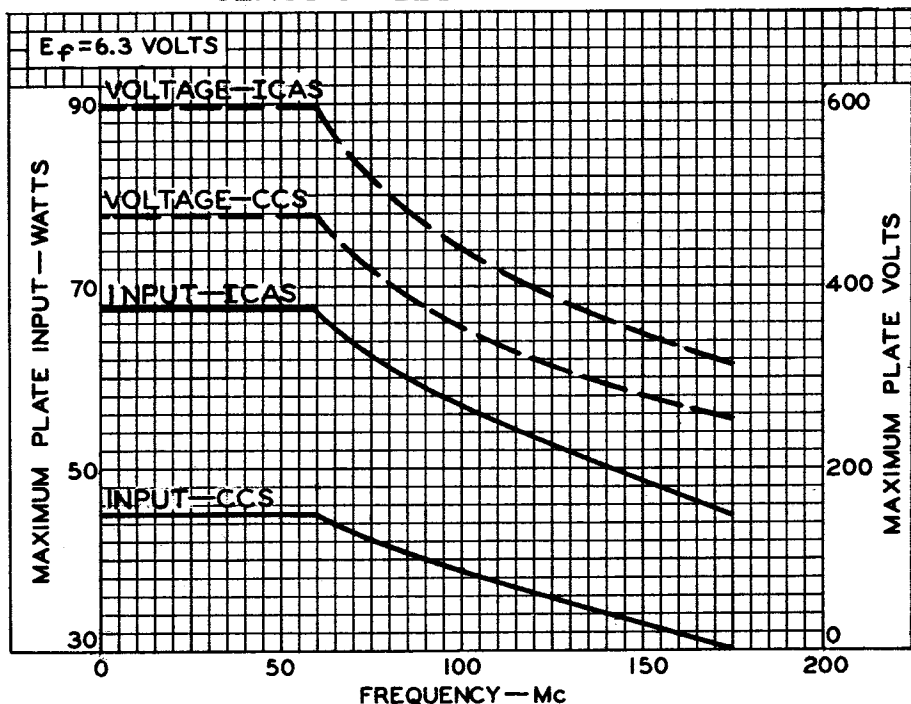
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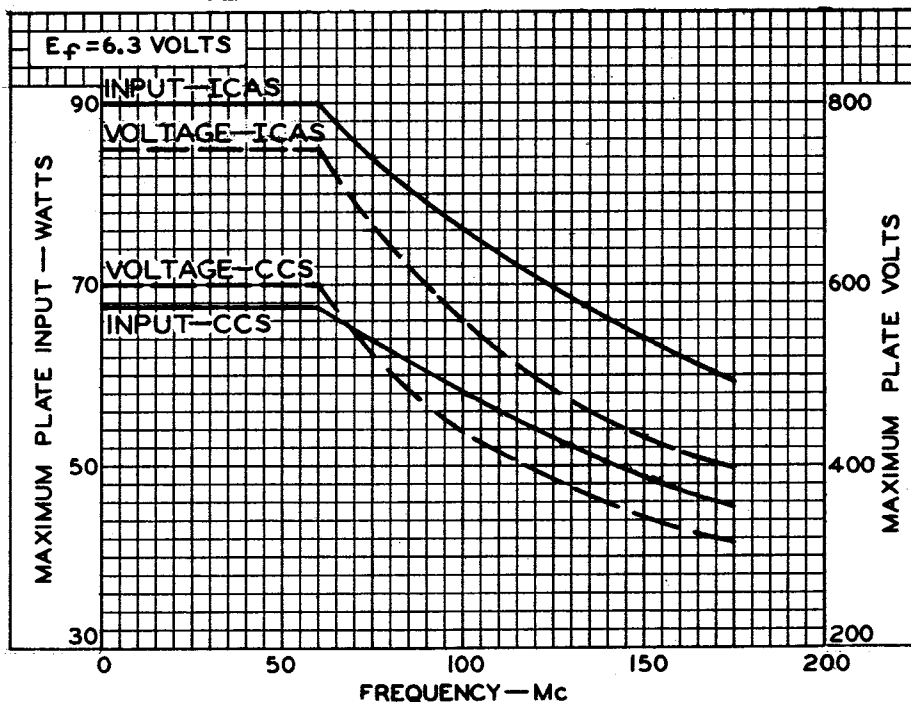
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RATING CHART I **CLASS C TELEPHONY SERVICE**



92CS-9614

RATING CHART II **CLASS C TELEGRAPHY SERVICE**



92CS-9615



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AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

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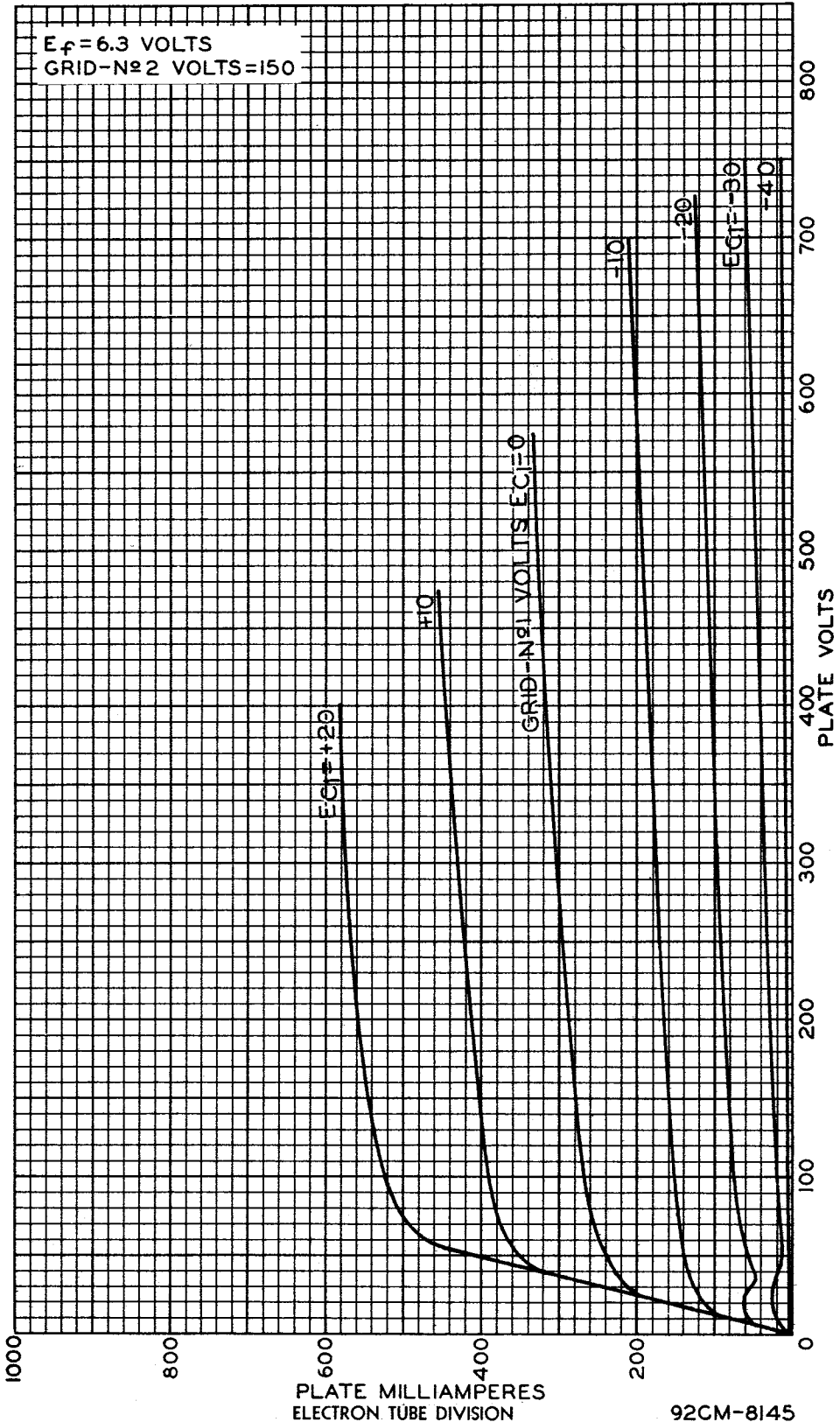


PLATE MILLIAMPERES
ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

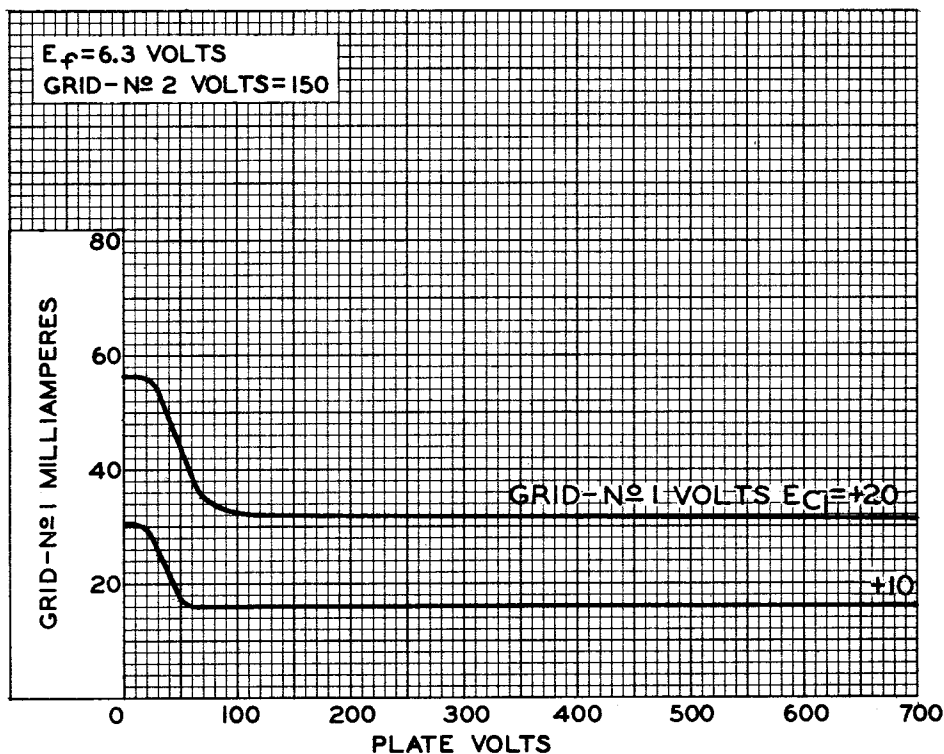
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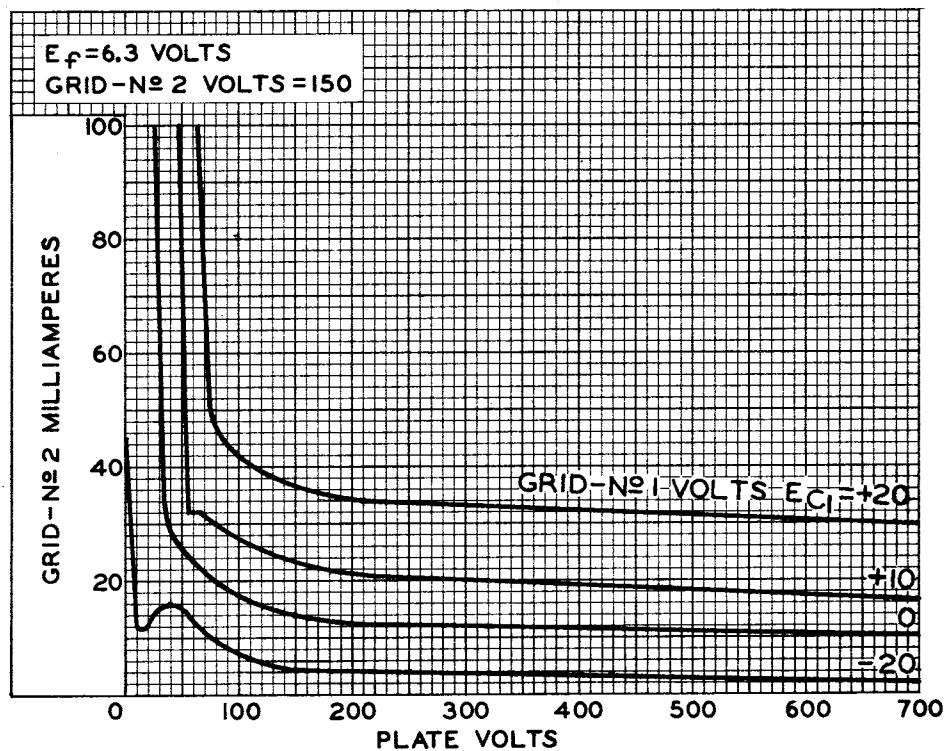


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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



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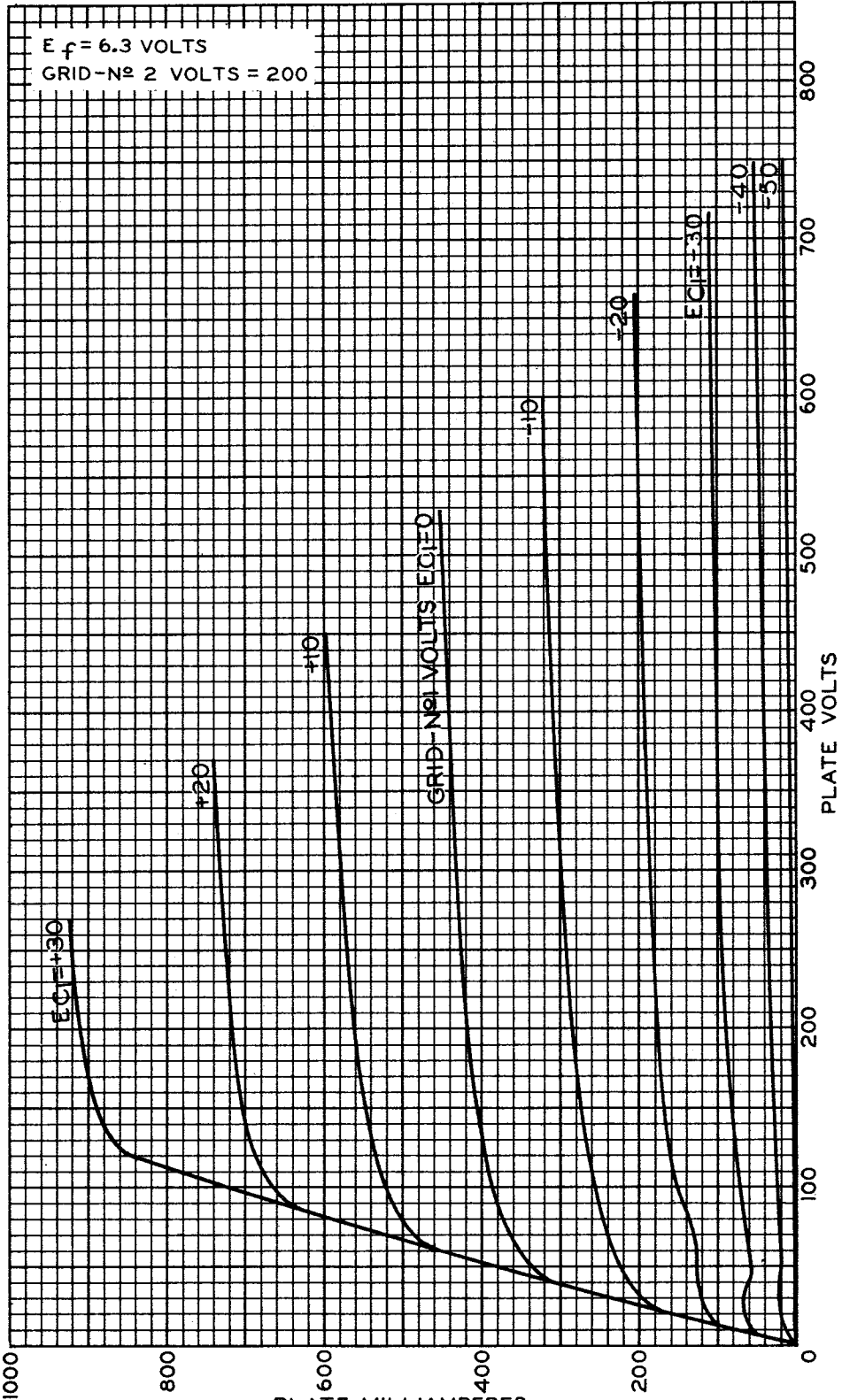




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AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

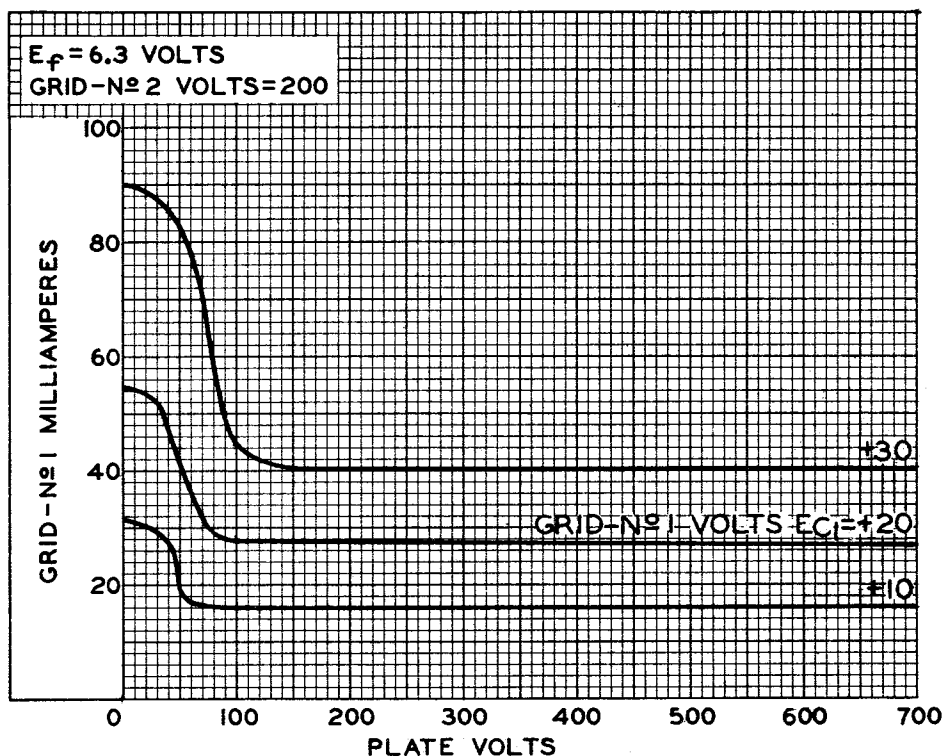
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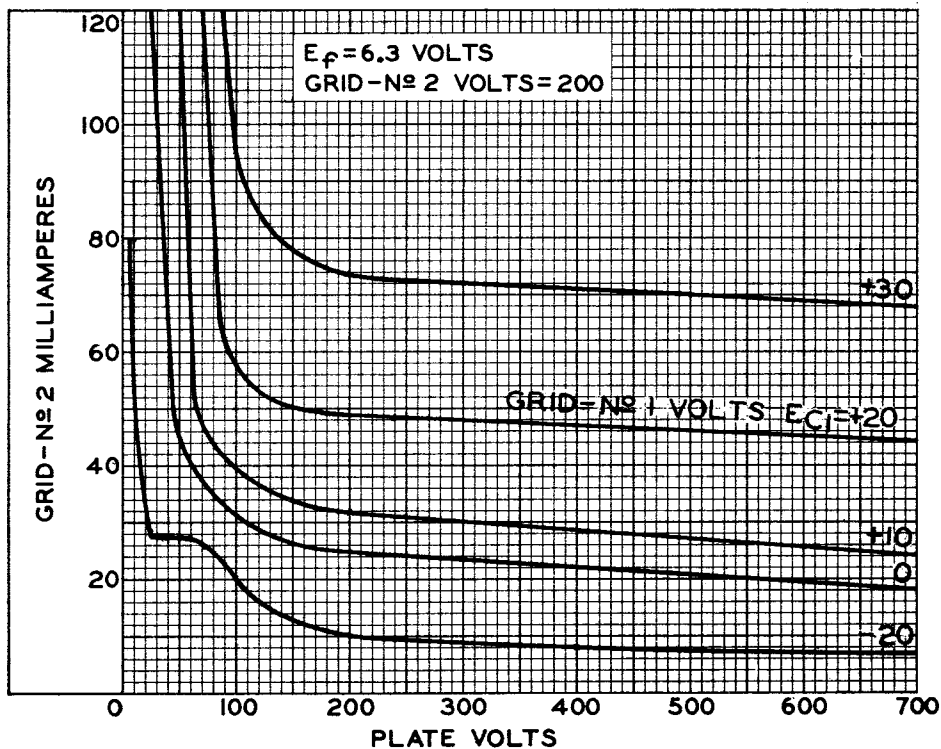


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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CS-9617





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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE CONNECTION

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